TED50

Thermally Efficient Extruded Aluminum Insulated Airfoil Blade Damper AMCA Class IA Leakage Rated



APPLICATION

The High-Performing Ruskin Model TED50 is designed to control and regulate air movement in medium to high velocity and pressure HVAC Systems. The TED50 has an extruded aluminum i n s u l a t e d airfoil-shape blade which offers low pressure drop when open and meets AMCA Class 1A Leakage when closed. Each blade has a thermal break strategically placed between twin blade edge seals. The twin seals create a "neutral zone" to ensure there is no thermal path. This feature eliminates thermal transfer and reduces potential for condensation. Manual, electric or pneumatic actuators are applied to operate the TED50 open and closed. TED50 satisfies the leakage requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC).

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION

Frame	5" x 1" x .125" (127 x 25 x 3.2) 6063-T6 extruded aluminum
Blades	5/64" (2) 6063-T6 extruded aluminum airfoil insulated. Oppose blade action standard, parallel blade action optional
Blade Seals	Santoprene [™] TPV type, mechanically fastened
Blade Action	Opposed (OB)
Jamb Seals	Ribbed Santoprene [™]
Bearings	Dual action Polycarbonate with Copolymer Acetal sleeve
Axles	7/16" (11) hexagonal plated steel
Linkage	Concealed out of airstream
	1/2" (13) dia. x 6" long plated steel for single section
Control Shaft	1/2" (13) and 1" (25) dia. jackshaft for multi-section assemblies

PERFORMANCE RATINGS

Leakage	AMCA Class IA (see page 3)
Velocity	Up to 4000 fpm (20.3 m/s)
Pressure	Up to 8 in. w.g. (2.0 kPa)
Temperature	-45°F to +185°F (-43°C to +85°C)
Torque	Minimum 9 in-Ibs/ft ²
Airflow	Both directions
R Value	2.16 (tested to ASTM C1363-2011)

OPTIONS & ACCESSORIES

Frama	Broke or T-flange						
Frame	Front, rear or both sides with or without bolt holes						
Control Shaft	Single-section jackshaft, 1/2" (13) or 1" (25) dia						
Sleeve/Transition	Factory installed, with or without transitions						
Actuators	Factory provided and installed						
Switches	SP100 blade (open/closed) switch package						
Bearings, Linkage & Axles	Stainless steel						
Finish	Clear Anodized						





HIGHLIGHTS

- AMCA Class IA Leakage Rated
- Insulated airfoil blade, low pressure drop
- Twin seals isolate blade thermal break
- R Value = 2.16 (tested to ASTM C1363-2011)

DIMENSIONS & WEIGHT

Minimum Size

Parallel blade unit: 6" x 6" (152 x 152) (T-Flange)

Parallel blade unit: 8" x 8" (203 x 203) (Channel and broke frame)

Opposed blade unit: 8" x 11 1/2" (203 x 292)

Maximum Size

Single Section: 60" x 72" (1524 x 1829) single section

Multiple section assembly: Unlimited size

(Units over 60" w or 72" h (1524 x 1829) are built in multiple equal size sections)

Weight: 5.5 lbs./ft² (2.5 kg)

NOTE:

Values shown in parentheses () are millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

AIR PERFORMANCE DATA

TED50 air performance testing is performed in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D configurations 5.2, 5.3 and 5.5 as illustrated below. All data has been corrected to standard air density of .075 lb/ft³ (1.201 kg/m³).



AMCA Figure 5.2 was established to represent a ducted damper that is exhausting into an open area. In this configuration entrance losses are minimized by a straight duct run upstream of the damper.

Air Performance Data-AMCA Test Figure 5.2									
12 x 12	(305 x 305)	x 305) 24 x 24 (610 x 610)		36 x 36 (914 x 914)		12 x 48 (305 x 1219)		48 x 12 (1219 x 305)	
Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop
FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG
500	0.09	500	0.03	500	0.02	500	0.03	500	0.05
1000	0.38	1000	0.11	1000	0.08	1000	0.13	1000	0.21
1500	0.85	1500	0.25	1500	0.18	1500	0.30	1500	0.47
2000	1.50	2000	0.44	2000	0.33	2000	0.52	2000	0.83
2500	2.35	2500	0.69	2500	0.51	2500	0.82	2500	1.30
3000	3.41	3000	1.00	3000	0.74	3000	1.18	3000	1.87
3500	4.64	3500	1.36	3500	1.02	3500	1.60	3500	2.51
4000	6.06	4000	1.78	4000	1.33	4000	2.09	4000	3.28



AMCA Figure 5.3 was established to represent a fully ducted damper with straight duct upstream and downstream. With entrance and exit losses minimized by this straight duct arrangement, this configuration has the lowest pressure drop of all three configurations.

Air Performance Data-AMCA Test Figure 5.3									
12 x 12 (2 x 12 (305 x 305) 24 x 24 (610 x 610)		36 x 36 (914 x 914)		12 x 48 (305 x 1219)		48 x 12 (1219 x 305)		
Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop
FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG
500	0.06	500	0.01	500	0.01	500	0.02	500	0.03
1000	0.24	1000	0.06	1000	0.03	1000	0.08	1000	0.10
1500	0.54	1500	0.13	1500	0.08	1500	0.16	1500	0.24
2000	0.97	2000	0.22	2000	0.13	2000	0.28	2000	0.41
2500	1.51	2500	0.34	2500	0.20	2500	0.44	2500	0.54
3000	2.18	3000	0.49	3000	0.29	3000	0.62	3000	0.93
3500	2.96	3500	0.65	3500	0.39	3500	0.84	3500	1.27
4000	3.86	4000	0.86	4000	0.51	4000	1.07	4000	1.65



AMCA Figure 5.5 was established to represent a damper installed on a plenum wall. Sudden area changes entering and exiting the damper create extreme losses, making this the highest pressure drop of the three configurations tested.

Air Performance Data-AMCA Test Figure 5.5									
12 x 12 (12 x 12 (305 x 305) 24 x 24 (610 x 610)		36 x 36 (914 x 914)		12 x 48 (305 x 1219)		48 x 12 (1219 x 305)		
Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop	Velocity	Pressure Drop
FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG	FPM	in. WG
500	0.11	500	0.05	500	0.05	500	0.05	500	0.07
1000	0.45	1000	0.19	1000	0.19	1000	0.20	1000	0.28
1500	0.95	1500	0.42	1500	0.42	1500	0.45	1500	0.62
2000	1.68	2000	0.77	2000	0.74	2000	0.79	2000	1.09
2500	2.66	2500	1.17	2500	1.16	2500	1.24	2500	1.71
3000	3.84	3000	1.67	3000	1.66	3000	1.78	3000	2.46
3500	5.22	3500	2.29	3500	2.26	3500	2.42	3500	3.35
4000	6.82	4000	2.96	4000	2.95	4000	3.16	4000	4.37

LEAKAGE DATA

Leakage testing is performed in accordance with ANSI/AMCA Standard 500-D, figure 5. Air performance testing is performed in accordance with ANSI/AMCA Standard 500-D, figures 5.2, 5.3 and 5. Data are based on a closing torque of 7 inch pounds /ft² (.79 N.m./m²) and operation between 32°-120°F (0°-49°C).

*Leakage Class Definition

As defined by AMCA, the maximum allowable leakage is as follows:

- Leakage Class 1A (is only defined @ 1" wg)
- ▶ 3 cfm/ft² (.92 cmm/m²) @ 1″ wg (0.25 kPa)

Leakage Class 1

- 4 cfm/ft² (1.22 cmm/m²) @ 1" wg (0.25 kPa)
- 8 cfm/ft² (2.44 cmm/m²) @ 4" wg (1 kPa)
- 11 cfm/ft² (3.45 cmm/m²) @ 8" wg (2 kPa)

TED50	Leakage Class*							
Maximum Damper Width	1″ w.g. (0.25 kPa)	4″ w.g. (1 kPa)	8″ w.g. (2 kPa)	10″ w.g. (2.5 kPa)				
60" (1524)	1A	1	1	1				



Ruskin Titus Gulf certifies that model TED50 shown herein is licensed to bear the AMCA seal. The AMCA Certified Ratings Seal applies to Air Leakage and Air Performance ratings. The ratings shown are based on tests and procedures performed in accordance with AMCA Publication 511 and comply with the requirements of the AMCA Certified Rating Program.

DIMENSIONAL INFORMATION





Blade Action and Envelope Dimensions



Opposed Blade

 Opposed blade dampers provide straighter airflow and provide a mechanical advantage for the distribution of torque.



Parallel Blade

Parallel blade dampers direct airflow in one direction and require slightly more torque.

INSULATED AIRFOIL BLADE DETAILS



CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

Channel Frame and Flange Frame Options



Ruskin TED50 is rated for airflow in either direction, but Ruskin defines the "front" of the damper as the opposite side of the jackshaft and the "rear" as the jackshaft side. Unless specifically ordered otherwise, when looking at the concealed linkage side of the damper and the bottom blade turns clockwise to open, then the "front" surface is adjacent on the right.

CONSTRUCTION & DIMENSIONAL INFORMATION

Multi-section Dampers

Dampers over the maximum single section size will require multiple damper sections, typically built in equal sizes. Multi-section dampers typically use jackshafts to link sections together.



Note: Multiple section dampers are not intended to be structural supports. Additional bracing is recommended to support the damper weight and support against system pressure. Refer to Installation Instructions.

Sleeve Transitions

When a rectangular damper is your only option but you need to connect to a round, oval, or smaller than minimum size duct, you can use a transition to match the field-connection requirement. CR-Style is a round transition, C-Style is a step-down rectangular transition, and CO-Style is an oval transition. CR-Style is ordered by the diameter and C-Style and CO-Style are ordered by the A X B dimension shown below.



L = Sleeve Length

TYPICAL ACTUATOR MOUNTING DETAILS



Page 7

SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION

Furnish and install, where shown on plans and/or as indicated in schedules thermally efficient control dampers meeting the following minimum specifications.

Damper shall be Ruskin TED50. Damper frame shall be constructed of 6063T6 high yield extruded aluminum with a minimum wall thickness of .07" (2) and a yield stress of no less than 30,000psi. Low pressure drop aerodynamically shaped blades shall be constructed of 6063T6 high yield extruded aluminum with a minimum wall thickness of .07 (2) and a yield stress of no less than 30,000psi. Blades shall be filled with Polyurethane structural foam with a minimum density of 15 pcf. Insulated blades shall include a thermal break positioned between two blade seals to completely eliminate a thermal path from one side of the damper to the other. Thermal breaks on the blade edges shall not be visible when the damper is in the closed position. Damper assembly shall have a symmetrical design to ensure the resistance to airflow is identical from either direction. Axles shall be 1/2" (13) hexagonal plated steel material. Stainless steel axles shall be utilized when noted on the plans. Polycarbonate bearings shall be formed to the shape of the axle to reduce leakage through the frame. Bearings shall rotate inside an Acetyl Copolymer outer bearing surface to reduce torque and promote a smooth operation throughout the stroke of the damper. Zero tolerance Swedgelock™ linkage arms shall be permanently and mechanically secured to each axle, eliminating future need for field adjustment of the linkage assembly. Linkage assembly shall be set to predetermined parameters ensuring leakage performance for the life of the product. Linkage shall be completely concealed within the damper frame, out of the airstream. Stainless steel linkage of the same design shall be used when specified on the plans. Blade edge seals shall be extruded Santoprene™ and shall be mechanically fastened to the blades. Jamb seals shall be low profile, light prohibiting, extruded Santoprene™ secured in extruded pockets of the damper frame. Stainless steel jamb seals creating a thermal path from one side of the blade to the other are not permitted. Damper shall be suitable for pressures up to 8 inches water gauge (2kPa), velocities up to 4,000 fpm (20.3 m/s), standard air leakage of less than 8 cfm/ft² at 4 inches water gauge (2.44 cmm/ m² at 1 kPa), and temperature range of -45°F to 185°F (-43°C to 85°C). All performance data shall be submitted to engineer of record for approval. Damper leakage and performance shall be developed in accordance with the latest edition of AMCA 500-D. Damper shall be licensed to bear the AMCA certified ratings seal for Class 1A Performance.

1 LINKS TO IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS

Document Title

O & M for Commercial Control Dampers

Standard Multi-Section Details

T-Flange Frame Option

Face Bypass Mixing Damper

Flange Frame Options

Minimum Torque Requirements for Standard Commercial Control Dampers

Basic Installation Sheet

Crank Arms, Extended Shaft and Hand Quad

Document Title

SP100 and SP100FK Switch Package Replacement Parts Catalog

Limited Warranty Document

Single Section Control Damper Installation



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