POTTORFF®

Application

The FSD-151-SS combination fire smoke damper employs 304 stainless steel airfoil blades for point-of-origin control of fire and smoke in static and dynamic smoke management systems. The FSD-151-SS is qualified to 2,000 ft/min (10.16 m/s) and 4 in.wg. (1.0 kPa) and may be installed in vertical walls or partitions, with fire resistance ratings up to 2 hours.

Standard Construction

Frame: 5" \times 1" (127 \times 25) stainless steel hat channel with interlocking corner gusset. Equivalent to 13 gauge (2.4) channel frame. Low profile head and sill are used on sizes less than 13" (330) high.

Blades: $6" \times 14$ gauge (152 × 2.0) equivalent stainless steel airfoil.

Sleeve: 16" \times 20 gauge (406 \times 1.0) stainless steel. **Axles:** $^{1}/_{2}$ " (13) diameter stainless steel hex.

Linkage: Concealed in frame.

Bearings: Stainless steel oilite, sleeve-type.

Seals: Silicone blade edge seals integrally rolled and mechanically fastened to blades. Flexible metal jamb seals.

Actuator: 120 VAC, power-open, spring-close, external mount.

Fire Closure Device: HS-10 (electric) or PFV (pneumatic)

Fire Closure Temperature: 165°F (75°C).

 Minimum Size:
 $8" \times 6"$ (203 × 152)

 Maximum Size:
 Single section:

 24" × 36" (610 × 914)

 96" × 72" (2439 × 1829)

Options

Temperature Rating: ☐ 250° F ☐ 350° F
□ Alternate actuator: □ Internal mount (actuator in air-stream). □ 24 VAC □ 230 VAC
☐ DRS-30 — Two temperature fire closure device. (Includes PI-50 switch package)
☐ PI-50 — Dual position indicator switch package.
□ Alternate factory installed sleeve: Gauge: □ 18 (1.3) □ 16 (1.6) □ 14 (2.0) □ 10 (3.5) Length: □ 20" (508) □ 24" (610) □ Other □ Side Plate □ No Sleeve (Actuator must be internally mounted
☐ Transitions : ☐ Flanged ☐ Round ☐ Oval ☐ Duct connections: ☐ 1" (25) S-clip ☐ DM25 ☐ DM35 ☐ S & Drive ☐ Ward
☐ Retaining angle systems: Gauge: ☐ 16 (1.6) Individual angle sets: ☐ DS (2-sided)
☐ Alternate fire closure temperature: ☐ 212°F (100°C) ☐ 250°F (121°C) ☐ 350°F (177°C)
☐ Duct smoke detector factory mounted and wired: ☐ D4120 (100-4,000 fpm [0.5-20.3 m/s]) ☐ 2151 (0-3,000 fpm [0-15.2 m/s])
$\hfill\square$ Duct access door factory mounted in common sleeve.
☐ Remote control stations: ☐ RCP-1 (single) ☐ RCP-1K (single, key controlled)

Ratings

UL 555 Fire Resistance Rating: 11/2 hour (vertical)

UL 555S Leakage Class: 1 [8 cfm/sq.ft. @ 4 in.wg.]

[(0.04 m³/s/m² @ 1.0 kPa)]

UL HNLJ.V-5: Ventilation Duct Assemblies

Maximum Dynamic Closure Velocity: 2,000 fpm (10.16 m/s)

Maximum UL555S Rated Pressure: 4 in.wg. (1.0 kPa)

Maximum Temperature: 350°F (177°C)

Listings

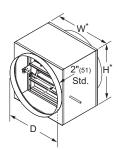
UL 555 and 555S listing: R11767

CSFM listing: 3225-0368:115 and 3230-0368:116

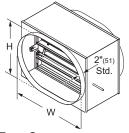
New York City MEA listing: 295-98-E

Meets NFPA Standards: 90A, 92A, 92B and 101

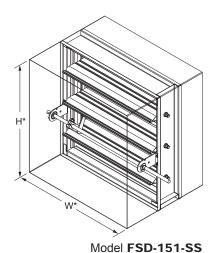
Meets Building Code Standards: IBC, NBC, NFPA, SBC and UBC



Type R (optional)
Round duct transitions are
standard with D=W=H.
(available with D<W and H)



Type O (optional) Oval duct transitions are standard with W and H equal to damper width and height dimensions. (available with W and H smaller than damper width and height)



(standard)

*Damper dimensions furnished approximately 1/4" (6) undersize. (sleeve thickness not included)



Air Performance

Pottorff certifies that the model FSD-151-SS shown herein is licensed to bear the AMCA seal. The ratings shown are based on tests and procedures performed in accordance with AMCA publication 511 and comply with the requirements of the AMCA Certified Ratings Program. The AMCA Certified Ratings Seal applies to air performance ratings only.

Information is subject to change without notice or obligation.

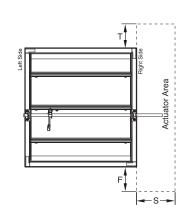
☐ RCP-1M (single, momentary switch)

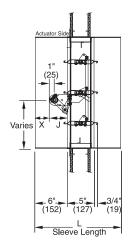
NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters.

Actuator and Sleeve Dimensional Data

The drawings and corresponding table illustrate the position of the damper when mounted in a factory sleeve and the relative space required for a given actuator. The standard mounting locations provide enough space for installation of retaining angles and duct

		Actuator Model	
Damper		FSLF120	FSNF120
Height		FSLF24	FSNF24
F	6"-7" 8"-9" 10"-11" 12"-13" 14" 15"-16" 17" 18" and 23" 19"-20" and 25" 21"-22" and 24" 26"-27"	5" 4" 10" 00" 00" 00" 00"	7" 4" 3" 2" 1" 0" 0" 0"
Т	6" and 10"	3"	3"
	7" and 11"-12"	2"	2"
	8", 13"-14" and 21"	1"	1"
	9", 15"-17" and 20"	0"	0"
	18"-19"	0"	1"
	22"-23"and >24"	0"	0"
S	All	4-1/2"	4-1/2"
Х	<8"	4"	4"
	≥8"	2-5/8"	2-5/8"
J	<8"	2"	2"
	≥8"	3-3/8"	3-3/8"





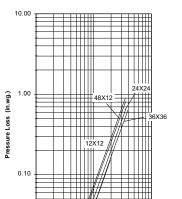
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- NOTE: 1. Sleeve length "L" = wall/floor thickness + 10" (254). Standard sleeve length "L" = 16" (406).
 - 2. Damper may be rotated 180° to position actuator area on the left side.
 - 3. The entire damper frame is not required to be installed within the wall, partition or floor. However, the closed plane of the damper blades must be inside the wall, partition or floor.
 - 4. For dimensions on actuators not shown above, contact factory.

Airflow Performance Data

Pressure Loss vs. Velocity

Figure 5.3 — Ducted Inlet and Outlet



1.000

Velocity (fpm)

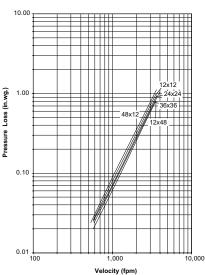
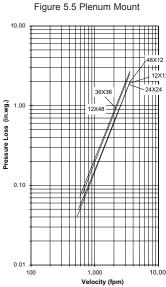
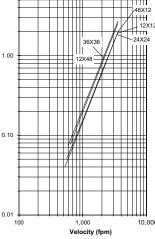


Figure 5.2 — Ducted Inlet.







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Pressure drop testing performed in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D using the three configurations shown. All data has been corrected to represent air density of 0.075 lb/ft. Actual pressure drop in any ducted HVAC system is a combination of many elements. This information, along with analysis of other system influences, should be used to estimate actual pressure losses for a damper installed in a given HVAC system.

Ducted Inlet and Outlet

AMCA Figure 5.3 Illustrates a fully ducted damper. This configuration represents the lowest pressure drop of the three test configurations because entrance and exit losses are minimized by straight duct runs upstream and downstream of the damper



Ducted Inlet

AMCA Figure 5.2 Illustrates a ducted damper exhausting air into an open area. This configuration has a lower pressure drop than Figure 5.5 because entrance losses are minimized by a straight duct run upstream of the damper.

Plenum Mount

AMCA Figure 5.5 Illustrates a plenum mounted damper. This configuration has the highest pressure drop because of extremely high entrance and exit losses due to the sudden changes of area in the

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6D

NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters.