POTTORFF°

Application

The CBD-150 backdraft damper employs counterbalanced gravity operated extruded style blades to restrict reverse airflow and to permit the forward flow of air in the intended direction. The CBD-150 damper may be mounted vertically or horizontally in either exhaust or intake installations for low to medium velocity and pressure applications.

Standard Construction

Frame: 1-7/8" \times 13/16" \times 0.081 (46 \times 21 \times 2) extruded aluminum

channel.

Blades: 0.05" (1.3) thick aluminum - extruded.

Linkage: Exposed on blade.

Bearings: Synthetic.

Seals: Extruded vinyl blade edge.

Counterbalances: On blade - adjustable.

Minimum Size: $6" \times 9" (152 \times 229)$

> Horizontal Downflow: 6" × 11" (152 × 279)

Maximum Size: Single section: 48" × 48" (1219 × 1219)

Multiple section: Unlimited

Options

☐ Integral 11/2" (38) mounting flange.

☐ Type B (discharge side) ☐ Type C (intake side)

☐ Factory installed sleeve:

Gauge: 20 (1.0) 16 (1.6)

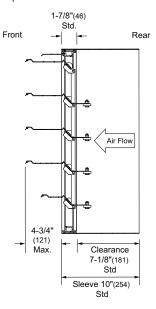
Length: ☐ 10" (254) ☐ 12" (305) ☐ 24" (610)

□ Other

☐ Transitions (sleeve required): ☐ Flanged

☐ Round AR ☐ Oval AO

☐ Adjustable pressure controller



Vertical Mount with Sleeve

Vertical Mount with Sleeve

Clearance

7-1/8"(181) Std

Sleeve 10"(254)

Std

1-7/8"(46) Std

Rear

Certified Ratings:

Pottorff certifies that the model CBD-150 shown herein is licensed to bear the AMCA seal. The ratings shown are based on test and procedures performed in accordance with AMCA Publication 511 and comply with the requirements of the AMCA Certified Ratings Program. The AMCA Certified Ratings seal applies to air performance.

Air Flow

1-15/16"

(49)

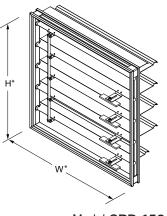
Information is subject to change without notice or obligation.

Ratings

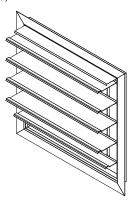
Damper	Maximum System	Maximum System
Width	Pressure	Velocity
48" (1219)	3 in.wg. (0.75 kPa)	1500 fpm (7.7 m/s)
36" (914)	4 in. wg. (1.0 kPa)	1500 fpm (7.7 m/s)
24" (610)	5 in. wg. (1.25 kPa)	1500 fpm (7.7 m/s)
12" (305)	6 in. wg. (1.5 kPa)	1500 fpm (7.7 m/s)

Leakage: 9.9 cfm/ft² @ 1.0 in. wg. (0.05m³/s/m² @ 0.25 kPa)

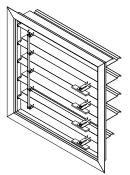
Temperature: -40°F to 200°F (-40°C to 93°C)



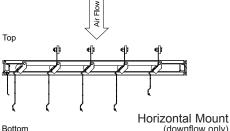
Model CBD-150 (standard) * Damper dimensions furnished approximately 1/4" (6) undersize.



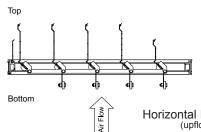
Flange Type B (discharge side)



Flange Type C (intake side)



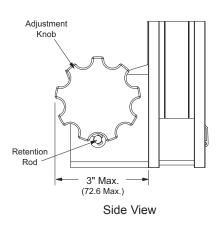
(downflow only)



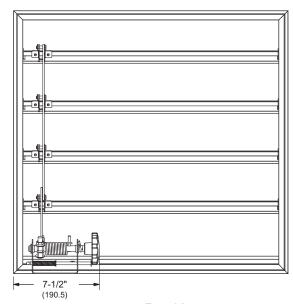
Horizontal Mount (upflow only)

NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters.

Adjustable Pressure Controller



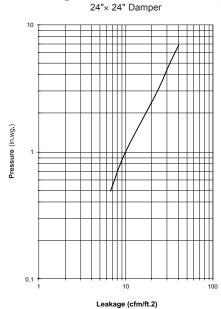
NOTE: Adjustable Pressure Controller available on sizes larger than 8.75" x 10.75" (222 x 273) Nominal, 8.5" x 10.5" (216 x 267) Net OD. Adjustable Pressure Controller can be set to maintain a maximum pressure of 0.4 in.wg. (0.01 kPa) for a damper area of 4.0 ft 2 (0.37 m 2).

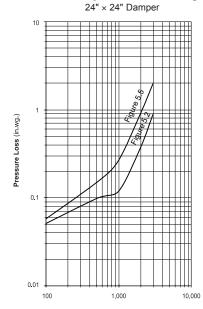


Face View

Airflow Performance Data

Leakage vs. Pressure Drop Pressure Drop vs. Velocity





Velocity (fpm)

Leakage testing was conducted in accordance with ANSI/AMCA 500-D, Figure 5.5. in the intake direction. Data are based on a vertically mounted damper, with gravity used as the only closing torque. Air leakage is based on operation between 32°F (0°C) and 120°F (49°C) and converted to standard air density.

Pressure drop testing was performed in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D using the two configurations shown. All data has been corrected to represent air density of 0.075 hb/ft. Actual pressure drop in any ducted HVAC system is a combination of many elements. This information, along with analysis of other system influences, should be used to estimate actual pressure losses for a damper installed in a given HVAC system.

NOTE: Damper blades start to open at 0.01" wg. (2.5 Pa) Damper blades are fully open at 0.15" wg. (38 Pa). Pressure when the blades start to open and are fully open are based on a 24"x24" damper. Larger sizes may require more pressure to begin to open or fully open. Consult factory for larger sizes.



Ducted Inlet

AMCA Figure 5.2 Illustrates a ducted damper exhausting air into an open area. This configuration has a lower pressure drop than Figure 5.5 because entrance losses are minimized by a straight duct run upstream of the damper.



Plenum Mount

AMCA Figure 5.5 Illustrates a plenum mounted damper. This configuration has the highest pressure drop because of extremely high entrance and exit losses due to the sudden changes of area in the system.

Installation

- 1. Dampers must be installed square and free from racking.
- 2. When installed in a fan discharge application, the damper should be installed a minimum of 1/2 of the fan diameter dimension away from the fan.
- 3. Dampers are designed to be self-supporting in the maximum single section size. When dampers are installed in multiple section assemblies, bracing may be required to support the weight of the dampers and to ensure structural integrity against system pressures. It is recommended that multiple sections be appropriately braced. In horizontal installations, it is recommended that suitable supports be installed every 8 feet of damper width. Dampers installed in vertical multiple assemblies and/or higher system pressures, may require additional bracing.
- 4. See Model BD and CBD Installation Instructions for further installation details.

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NOTE: Dimensions in parentheses () are millimeters.